

2014 Collaborative Report on Outcomes in 24 California Counties
Collaborative Report for: all agencies
Data as of February 2014

1. Demographic and referral type information:

Number of total first assessments entered in the FDM= 16,806

Figure #1:
Distribution of families by Referral type

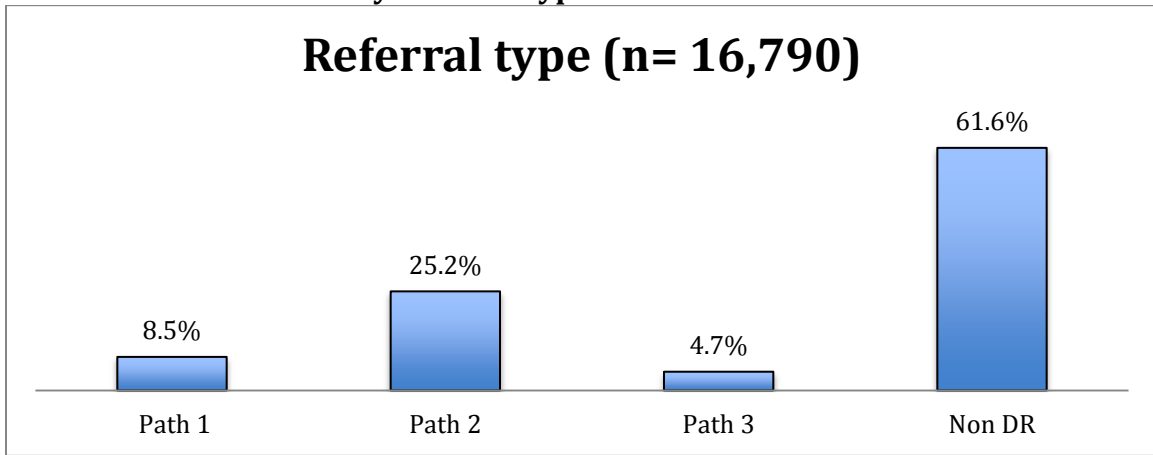


Figure 1 shows what percentage of families was referred under Differential Response paths 1, 2, 3 or under a non-Differential Response referral. All families with a first FDM assessment are considered in the figure

Figure #2:
Distribution of families by their Race/ethnicity

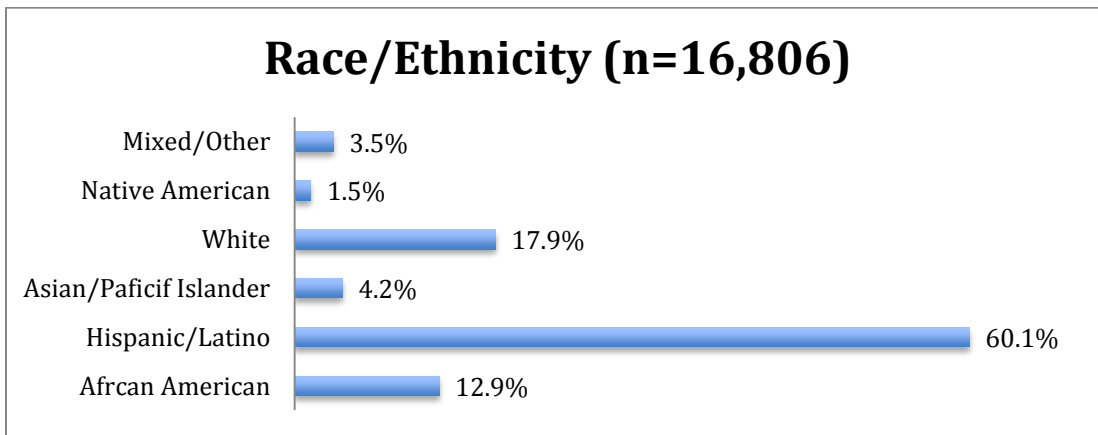


Figure 2 shows the distribution of race/ethnicity for all families with a first FDM assessment.

2. Change in scores for core FDM indicators:

Number of observations with at least 2 assessments= 8,206

Table #1:
Percentage of clients at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” status level by assessment

Indicator	1st Assessment	2nd Assessment	Difference	P< .05
Childcare	54.7	62.1	7.43	*
Supervision	89.2	90.2	1.00	*
Risk of emotional or sex abuse	75.1	85.5	10.38	*
Nutrition	88.6	92.8	4.24	*
Appropriate development	79.4	85.3	5.92	*
Nurturing	85.7	90.7	4.93	*
Parenting skills	81.0	88.5	7.50	*
Family communication skills	79.3	87.9	8.65	*
Budgeting	72.2	85.5	13.35	*
Clothing	76.8	87.5	10.74	*
Employment	39.5	46.4	6.86	*
Stability of home shelter	85.2	89.3	4.04	*
Home environment	92.5	95.7	3.16	*
Health services	87.4	94.2	6.79	*
Comm. resources knowledge	60.0	90.5	30.43	*
Child health insurance	80.4	87.6	7.20	*
Access to transportation	89.8	94.1	4.34	*
Presence of (substance) abuse	91.5	94.2	2.68	*
Emotional wellbeing/ life value	80.7	90.7	9.97	*
Support system	74.6	87.4	12.79	*

Table 1 presents the percentage of families at a “safe” or “self sufficient” level on first and second assessments. Only families with at least 2 assessments are considered in the table. The different colors denote groupings of indicators by protective factor. The “difference” column in the table indicates the increase (if positive) or decrease (if negative) in the percentage of families at the “safe or “self

sufficient” level from first to second assessment. The “P<.05” column denotes (with a star) the changes that were statistically significant at the .05 level.

3. Change by protective factor (all clients with at least 2 assessments):

Table #2:
Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered for the protective factor

Protective Factor	1st Assessment	2nd Assessment	Difference	p<.05
Children's social and emotional development	38.5	53.3	14.8	*
Parental resilience & knowledge of parenting and child development	66.2	79.0	12.8	*
Concrete support in times of need	13.6	29.5	15.9	*
Parental Resilience	75.9	86.7	10.8	*
Social connections	74.6	87.4	12.8	*

Table 2 presents the percentage of families at the “safe” or “self sufficient” level on first and second assessments *on ALL indicators within each of the protective factors*. Only families with at least 2 assessments are considered in the table. The “difference” column in the table indicates the increase (if positive) or decrease (if negative) in the percentage of families at the “safe or “self sufficient” level from first to second assessment in all indicators within the protective factor. The “P<.05” column denotes (with a star) the changes that were statistically significant at the .05 level.

4. Change by protective factor for DR vs. Non DR.

Figure #3:

Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered in the “Social and Emotional Development” protective factor for DR and Non DR families in first and second assessment

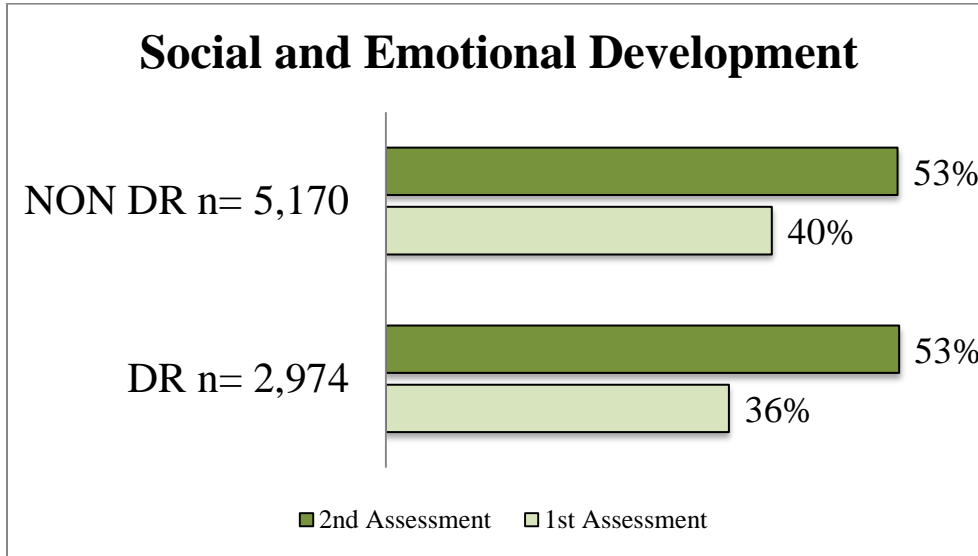


Figure #4:

Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered in the “Knowledge of Parenting and Child Development” protective factor for DR and Non DR families in first and second assessment.

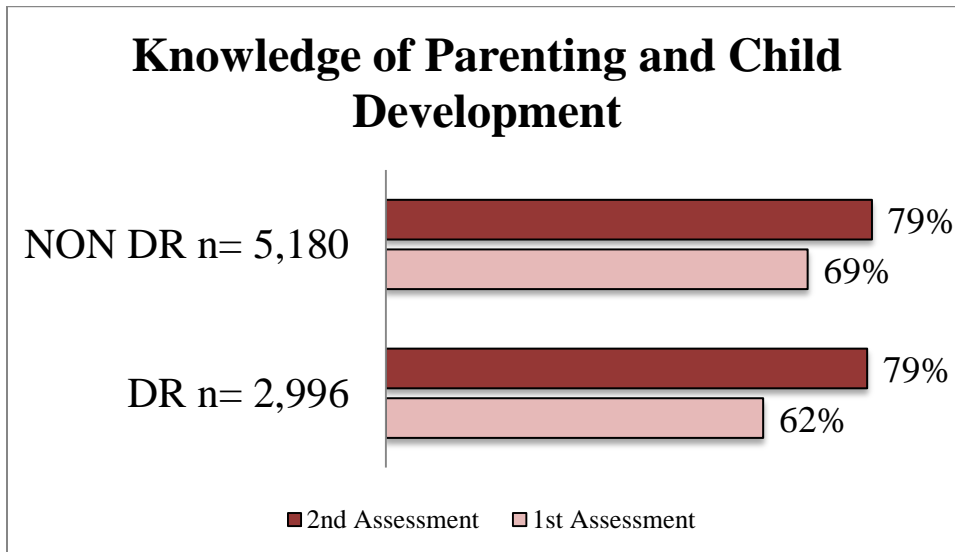


Figure #5:
Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered in the “Concrete support in times of need” protective factor for DR and Non DR families in first and second assessment.

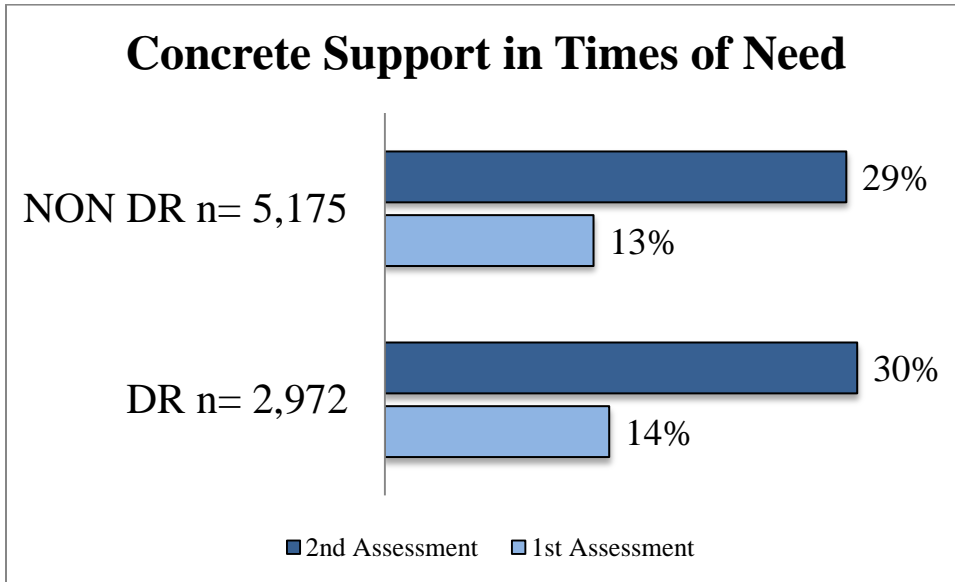


Figure #6:
Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered in the “Parental Resilience” protective factor for DR and Non DR families in first and second assessment.

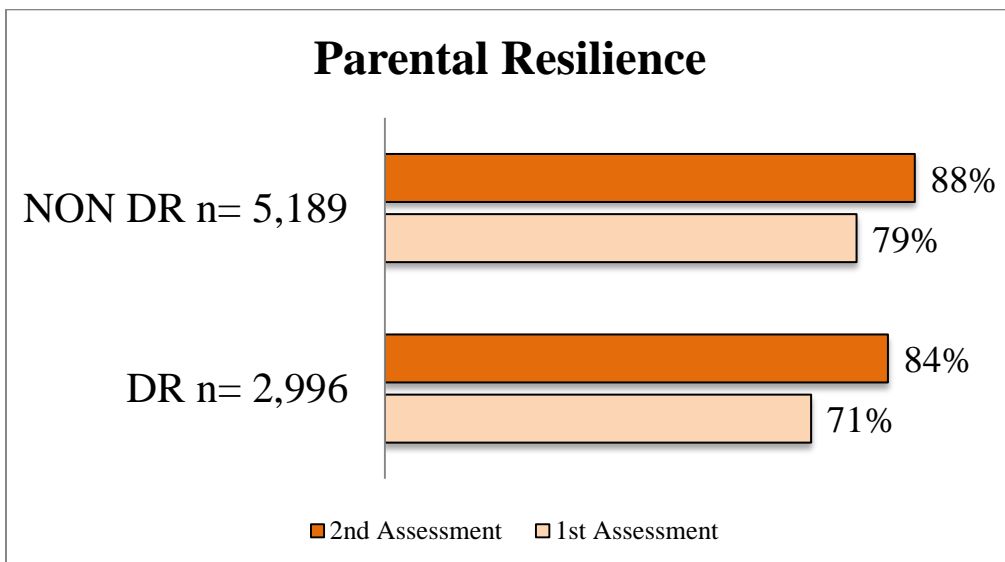


Figure #7:
Percentage of families at the “safe” or “self-sufficient” level in all indicators considered in the “Social Connections” protective factor for DR and Non DR families in first and second assessment.

